

The Weekly Conmissioner.

TERMS—\$1 00 PER ANNUM.

"REPUBLICAN AT ALL TIMES, AND UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES."

(SINGLE COPIES—5 CTS.)

THE ADVOCATE OF THE RIGHTS OF MAN.

VOLUME 10.

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1881.

NUMBER 41.

SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

Cash Capital, \$500,000

WITH CASH DIVIDENDS TO INSURER

Issues Policies on—

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Office—12 Camp, between Gravier and Natchez streets, NEW ORLEANS.

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THE DIRECT LINE BETWEEN THE NORTH AND SOUTH.

On and after Nov. 1, 1880, Trains will depart and arrive as follows, from Calo street depot:

DEPART.
Express No. 1..... 7:45 a. m.
Mail No. 3..... 4:30 p. m.
Mixed No. 9..... 2:30 p. m.
ARRIVE.
Mail No. 2..... 7:15 a. m.
Express No. 4..... 11:35 a. m.
Mixed No. 10..... 8:45 p. m.
Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 run daily; Nos. 9 and 10, except Sunday.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars to St. Louis and Louisville, and through to Cincinnati and Chicago without change. Only one change to New York and Eastern cities.

Improved sleeping and reclining chairs to Chattanooga daily, without change.
Tickets for sale, berths secured and information given at 22 Camp street, corner Common.
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NEW ORLEANS INSURANCE CO.

Cor. Camp and Canal streets.

Paid Capital..... \$500,000 00
Assets at their market value..... 619,895 46

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Account sales promptly rendered and satisfaction guaranteed. Liberal advances made on consignments, and purchases made in this market at lowest rates for account of my friends. 5-3

SHIRTS

THE CHEAPEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK IN NEW ORLEANS.

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

The new stock of Summer Underwear in store. An elegant assortment of

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Good Shirts at 10c, 12c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c, 65c, 70c, 75c, 80c, 85c, 90c, 95c, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3.00, 3.25, 3.50, 3.75, 4.00, 4.25, 4.50, 4.75, 5.00, 5.25, 5.50, 5.75, 6.00, 6.25, 6.50, 6.75, 7.00, 7.25, 7.50, 7.75, 8.00, 8.25, 8.50, 8.75, 9.00, 9.25, 9.50, 9.75, 10.00, 10.25, 10.50, 10.75, 11.00, 11.25, 11.50, 11.75, 12.00, 12.25, 12.50, 12.75, 13.00, 13.25, 13.50, 13.75, 14.00, 14.25, 14.50, 14.75, 15.00, 15.25, 15.50, 15.75, 16.00, 16.25, 16.50, 16.75, 17.00, 17.25, 17.50, 17.75, 18.00, 18.25, 18.50, 18.75, 19.00, 19.25, 19.50, 19.75, 20.00, 20.25, 20.50, 20.75, 21.00, 21.25, 21.50, 21.75, 22.00, 22.25, 22.50, 22.75, 23.00, 23.25, 23.50, 23.75, 24.00, 24.25, 24.50, 24.75, 25.00, 25.25, 25.50, 25.75, 26.00, 26.25, 26.50, 26.75, 27.00, 27.25, 27.50, 27.75, 28.00, 28.25, 28.50, 28.75, 29.00, 29.25, 29.50, 29.75, 30.00, 30.25, 30.50, 30.75, 31.00, 31.25, 31.50, 31.75, 32.00, 32.25, 32.50, 32.75, 33.00, 33.25, 33.50, 33.75, 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The Louisianian.

SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1881.

Entered at the New Orleans Post-office as second class mail matter.

TERMS, POSTAGE PAID

One year (in advance).....\$1 00
Six months ".....50

ADVERTISING.

(Brevier per line each insertion)
One time.....10 cents
One month.....8 "
Six months.....4 "
One year.....3 "

A very liberal discount on the above rates will be made on quarter, half and whole column advertisements.

All letters on business and communications should be addressed to the "LOUISIANIAN, 644 CAMP STREET."

No notice taken of anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Rejected communications cannot be returned, neither can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

The proprietor of this paper will not be responsible for the sentiments of communications.

The LOUISIANIAN can be had at the following well known news dealers:

Ellis—opposite Postoffice.
Staub—corner Canal and Exchange Sts.

AGENTS.

Charles Roxborough, Iberville.
J. S. Hinton, Indiana.
Wm. H. Ward, Kentucky.
B. W. Smith, Richmond.
R. W. Fitzhugh, Natchez, Miss.
Wm. Ridgely, Concordia.
R. F. Cook, Onachita.
Jerry A. Hall, Natchitoches.
W. S. Posey, St. Mary.
George E. Paris, City.THIS PAPER MAY BE FOUND AT
NEW YORK.

The salary grab is creating quite a sensation here, it is found that republicans are not the only ones who delight in big salaries.

The Washington delegation left on Thursday. They are all representative men and no doubt their mission will be a successful one.

The article on education is nearly exhausted, it should be carefully read and preserved by those interested in that cause.

Toothpick is absent this week; his spy articles are so well received that we hate to lose them. Doubt lag behind Toothpick you are doing a noble work.

The political sky at Washington is looking dark: The sanctum of the New York Stalwarts has been invaded, we trust that the issue will not be made.

The editor and proprietor will disappoint our readers this week. His Washington correspondence which has created so much interest is not forthcoming, but will be on hand next issue.

We go to Washington to meet the editor and proprietor, and to accompany the delegation announced in our last issue. During our absence, and that of the editor and proprietor, we are pleased to announce, that our distinguished and popular friend Mr. J. B. Gandet, will take our place and conduct the paper. He will be ably assisted. Those who are acquainted with Mr. Gandet, may feel assured that with his accustomed energy and zeal, the LOUISIANIAN will not come short of the prestige it has already established. Our local editor W. S. Wilson will still continue in that department and entertain the public with his spiky local items.

CUSTOM-HOUSE NOTES.

Judge Billings opened court on Monday. The petit jurors of the United States District Court will be paid to-day.

Messrs. C. A. Whitney & Co. have been granted the privilege of hauling bonded freight over their tracks in this city in connection with their Texas freights.

The United States marshal has received an official copy of the new district court bill, and the tribunal in this city will hereafter be known as the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana.

SHIPS ON WHEELS.

Among the greatest enterprises of modern times, is the projected route across the Isthmus of Panama. Several plans have been submitted to the public, and they all have undergone a careful analysis, and have been criticised by the public. Being a work in which people are deeply interested, the LOUISIANIAN has not failed to give the matter due consideration. Believing now, that the minds of our people are free from political excitement, we call their attention to this important matter. It must be remembered that the commercial upbuilding of this section will tend more to the elevation of our people under the peculiar circumstances, than all of the State enactments that will be enacted from now until "dooms day." Thousands of acclimated laborers will be required from the start to carry into effect either of the great projects now before the public, to say nothing of the grand results to be achieved should the matter be successfully terminated.

We have before us the Lessep's canal scheme, purely of foreign origin. The Nicaragua, scheme an American enterprise, and lastly the Eads shiprailway route; all, looking to the same results. We are totally opposed to the first on the simple ground, that upon American soil an enterprise of such importance should be thoroughly americanized, and even subsidised by the general government, thereby assuring its protection against any future international complications that may arise. Our objection to the second is, that there are scientific reasons that may involve grave results should the two oceans be united by a canal sufficiently large to meet the requirements of the immense commerce which would be concentrated at that particular point. These objections may be met by an unimpeachable argument based upon the successful experiment of the Suez Canal. Admitting this to be a fact, there are other grave considerations as to time, and expense, and the obstructions that may be placed in the way of a canal by the heavy rain falls of that section, which occur periodically, and no definite estimate can be made in advance of the expense that may be entailed by these occurrences. These being fixed facts in our mind, we have a weakness in favor of the Eads railway scheme. We will admit, that it is a marvelous, and startling project; but we have every confidence in the ability of the great engineer.

When we look at the wonders already achieved by the use of steam and electricity, it seems almost nonsensical to doubt anything. When Capt. Eads announced, that the great "Father of Waters," could be so controlled as to admit into the port of New Orleans, the largest ship afloat, his ideas were ridiculed, and even after it became an accomplished fact; many of our Northern journals doubted the fact, but those who have recently visited New Orleans, need not to have gone to the jetty to become satisfied of the results; but the huge monarch of the deep which bare away thousands of tons of the products of the West and Mississippi valley, could be seen safe by anchored at our wharfs. The ship railway seems to be more feasible than even the jetty. A casual observer need but look at the mammoth freight trains that are being driven all over this country daily, to satisfy himself that a ship might be moved about just as easily. If a common dry dock can raise the largest ship with her cargo aboard, above the surface of water, the whole problem is solved. Therefore Eads project is the most feasible one presented. The interest accruing to our people, should it be successfully carried would be enormous. New Orleans would necessarily become one of the greatest shipping ports in the world. Her commerce would become immense. There would be a greater demand for the sugar, and rice, which would necessitate a more extensive cultivation of such staples. Cotton factories would be an absolute necessity, which would largely increase the demand for that staple, and utilize perhaps thousands of our girls, and boys, who are utterly devoid of any employment at all. There

would be a large demand also for colored seaman, and in fact every kind of labor would be in demand, and our people would become prosperous and happy. Let us do all in our power to agitate the great movement, and not only this, but every enlargement of the commercial, industrial, and agricultural interests of our State. This enterprise has been elaborately illustrated by diagrams in the most enterprising and conservative paper of our section the New Orleans Democrat. The diagrams are invaluable to those who are interested in this wonderful project.

REPUBLICAN.

An individual styling himself Republican, is getting quite officious in some of our daily papers, heaping upon the Negro. Wearing his welcome out in the Democrat by his insolent demagoguery which that paper would not tolerate, he has resorted to the bitterest bourbon paper in the State to vent his spleen upon the race and has at last attempted to individualize through the columns of the daily States. We would have considered the creature too contemptible to notice but for his cowardly attack upon the editor and proprietor of the LOUISIANIAN during his absence, we therefore feel called upon to vindicate Mr. Pinchback in his absence. No honest man can look upon the record of Mr. Pinchback without admitting it to be honorable, justifiable, and a credit to his race. Thrown into the arena of politics at a time perhaps when the party was contaminated with such scandalous managers as this would be republican. Mr. Pinchback has done well to reach the prominence attained by him. With a National reputation, and an independence second to no member of the party in the State. No man can boast of a happier home nor a more interesting and respected family than Mr. Pinchback.

His residence is a palatial one and so far from being a pauper we opine that he can place dollars where this republican harlequin can place dimes. And to the credit of Mr. Pinchback it can be said that for eight years at least he cannot be held responsible for any of the ramifications of either State or National Government, but has lived a gentleman of leisure during all of that time, wisely and judiciously husbanding his means, by successful, and remunerative investments placing him above the level of this republican Negro hater. But this contemptible, and anonymous republican did not stop with Mr. Pinchback, but undertakes to traduce the whole race, and every republican leader of color, and exonerates completely his kind making the Negro alone responsible for the corruption and venality, said to be practiced in the State under the republican Government. We do not admit that the republican Government was any more corrupt than other administrations before, or since its downfall; but that is not the question at issue. We hold that the Negro who is the only republican party known in the South of any extent is just as honest and competent to hold office as this republican brother. We have numbers of them to-day who are pronounced by white men, to be the most faithful public servants of the Federal Government. We can point with pride to such men as Dumont, Glendon, Stamps, Allain, Brown, and hundreds of others all of whom were prominent during the republican regime, and whose integrity will not be impeached to-day by any honest republican or democrat. We have long since experienced that the success of Gov. Pinchback has been an eye sore to this republican and his ilk. Now that the Negro can no more be duped in abusing their leaders this class of men are trying the virtue of democratic newspapers. We compliment the Democrat again upon its course, and hope that it will be adopted by others. We invite this republican to practice what he preaches "honesty," and uncover himself and on the arrival of Gov. Pinchback publish his abuses over his signature, or mention the names of Republican colored leaders referred to by innuendo and await the honest results.

THE LUDDELING MURDER.

We are again called upon to chronicle one of those brutal outrages which is a blot and a stain upon Louisiana, and a disgrace to civilization. No one can fail to sympathize with Judge Ludeling at this trying moment, but those who are biased by political sympathies, and party affiliations. In denouncing this base act, this unpardonable crime, we will not do injustice even to a bulldozer. Hence, there is nothing that would warrant us in saying that the murder was a political one, there being no vexed political questions before us at this time; but it is already apparent that politics will have much to do in screening the perpetrators of this foul and brutal outrage. We have watched carefully the tone of the democratic press, and not a word of condemnation has been raised against the crime committed. Nor do we hear of a single arrest; we cannot see how the law abiding citizens of Louisiana can tolerate the manner in which citizens are shot down, and allowed to go free and in some instances without even being brought to trial. But one side of the question has been heard and judging it impartially we can see no justifiable reason for the murder of Ludeling, and certainly no reason why those who aided and abetted have not been arrested. As far as the colored people are concerned we fear that their testimony will be of no avail as far as criminalizing the guilty parties are concerned. Omphala parish is no place for them to give such evidence. There is one peculiar feature about the matter and it is conclusive, that they are not allowed to become free agents as far as their labor is concerned, but for that fact, Ludeling would not have been murdered.

Whilst we cannot join with some by alleging that the murder was actuated by political motives, we trust that some disposition will be shown, to bring to justice these public desperadoes who inflict such untold injuries upon peaceful communities. If such murderers are allowed to go free, what will be the condition of affairs in that section, when republicans will dare to express their opinions at the ballot box. It can be better imagined than told. Judge Ludeling has our sympathies and we trust that his political affiliation will not debar him of that justice which can meagrely repay the great loss he has sustained. We shall therefore, rest our opinions until the law shall have finished its mission upon this important matter in which the public are so deeply concerned.

THE PEABODY NORMAL SCHOOL.

In our local columns this week will be found the proceedings of the commencement exercises of the Peabody Normal School, which took place Saturday, the 19th inst., at the building of the Southern University. As the education of the race is paramount to all other questions, moral and religious culture excepted; we deem the above of sufficient moment to comment upon. This institution we believe was called into existence by executive State Superintendent of public education R. M. Lusher, presided over by the very efficient teacher Miss Kendall, having for its object the preparation of competent teachers, to instruct the youth of our city and State.

The institution has been marked with great success. About a year ago, several young ladies graduated with honors, and are to-day numbered among the best teachers of our State whilst Mr. Lusher has vacated the important trust as State Superintendent of public education, he has lost none of his zeal for the Normal School; hence the large gathering on Saturday last, and the happy success achieved by the participants. But for the elaborate report in our local columns, we would individualize each one who took part in the varied exercises. We shall therefore mention but a few of the prominent ones from personal observation.

Miss L. V. Miller, a young lady of beauty, and culture, was the happy recipient of the Peabody

Medal. The composition rendered by her was so rich in style, profound in thought, and perfect in diction, that she received the ovations of the entire audience.

The composition of Mrs. S. F. Williams, was a perfect masterpiece of art, and beauty, and would grace the pages of our best, and Most Scientific Magazine. Mrs. Williams is a deep thinker, and handled her subject, with great facility and ease. She is an accomplished teacher, and worthy of the honors bestowed. We have before us the manuscript of Mrs. C. H. Keppard, it is a perfect gem, brilliant in style, lofty in sentiment, and perfect in all of its parts. The production would reflect credit upon our most learned professors. Mrs. Keppard has scored for herself a niche high up in the temple of fame, and has marked out a high way which we trust, will be earnestly sought by the votaries of education. The sentimental part of the exercises was perhaps the most attractive of all. Music always has a tendency to charm, but seldom with the rare effect as produced by Mrs. A. B. Mason in the rendition of her solo. On that occasion her sweet childlike voice thrilled the audience, and will ever be remembered by all who were fortunate enough to be present.

The several pieces of composition would have afforded not only pleasure but a vast amount of instruction to the readers of the LOUISIANIAN, but the publication was prohibited by the principal of the school.

The advancement made by the race when proper facilities are offered is not only gratifying, but wonderful. If common schools could be established throughout our state, presided over by competent teachers such as those within named, our race would no longer be a hiss, and a bye word in the mouths of our enemies, but our children would march side by side upon the level of civilization, and culture, with any other people upon earth. The LOUISIANIAN will do all in its power to agitate the question, until the legislators of the Nation will deem it their bounden duty to secure to its citizens the only boon that can secure to them all of their rights, and parents of happiness as guaranteed by the Constitution of our great country. The interest taken by Mr. Lusher should not be lost sight of, but the thanks of the entire race should be tendered him for his meritorious work of love, looking to the upbuilding of our people.

We trust that the Normal School will live until thousands of its votaries will have acquired for themselves the deserved honor and praises gained by the graduates mentioned, and may it live on until its blessed influence will be felt in every nook and corner of our State.

THE GRAND RELIEF ASSOCIATION.—In November last, the New York Times appealed for a national subscription to provide a perpetual fund, whose annual income should be enjoyed during the life, and while not holding any Federal office, by the oldest ex-President of the United States. The desired amount of the fund was stated at \$250,000, and its probable yearly income \$12,500. The task of raising the fund was undertaken, in person, by George Jones, and the record of his completed work is contained in the following report: "I have the pleasure to announce that of the entire amount, \$350,000, which had been subscribed, \$216,000 has been paid in. The outstanding subscriptions are mainly those of a few subscribers for large amounts who are at present out of the country, and who have not yet had time to answer my request for the payment. The amount already received has been invested by a committee of subscribers, consisting of E. D. Morgan, Oliver Hoyt and George Jones, and will yield an annual income of \$13,000. Should the remainder be invested to equal advantage the fund will yield over \$15,000 a year."

LOUISIANA.—Work has begun on the oil mill at Opelousas, La. A. Granger is building a large jute factory in New Orleans in the third district.

Monroe, La., is trying to get a cotton compress.

Indiana has cast down the sign "No Negro or mulatto" need apply. All honor to her.

EDUCATIONAL.

(Short articles on Educational topics solicited.)

Philosophy of education in its relation to the school and the teacher.

BY PROF. S. S. LAURIE, UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH.

(Princeton Review.)

The thoughtful student of education in its national relations may at once start an objection to the view of the schoolmaster's function we have indicated, in which there is unhappily some truth. He will say that "if education, as distinct from mere instruction, be essentially spiritual in its motives and aims, the conflicting views of religious truth and practice that are prevalent make it impossible for any State to give effect to such a conception without trenching on the liberty of individual citizens. The logical issue, in the sphere of practical politics, of such a divided state of opinion is a subversion of education altogether in any true or spiritual sense, and involves the limitation of it to the work of disciplining intelligence and conveying such information as may be of practical utility in the work of life. To this, it is true, may be added such instruction in practical moralities as will rear good citizens: But this is all." Even if we accepted this limited conception of the work of the school, we should still find room for the educational element. But we are not disposed to accept it. It is true that religious differences exist, but they are differences largely ecclesiastical and partly theological. There is little difference of opinion as to what constitutes the Christian life; and it is the life, not the forms of theological dogma, with which the school-teacher has chiefly to do. In the present state of religious parties it seems necessary, in some counties at least, to relegate detailed dogmatic instruction to the churches, or to organizations set on foot and controlled by them. But it is not a sound conclusion from this unhappy necessity that a schoolmaster of truly religious temper is not at liberty even in those countries to assume distinctively Christian doctrine, and, by help of this silent assumption, to raise his intellectual and moral teaching into a spiritual sphere. He may animate all he does with the religious principles and aspirations that control his own life, and, thereby, give significance to his daily task. Of this we may be assured, that it is impossible to sustain moral instruction at a high level or to give it its true meaning in relation to the life and destiny of a human being, if it be not fused into one whole with the emotion and passion which can be drawn from the spiritual element it may be shown that there is no true discipline, in any adequate sense of that important word. Even the teacher who finds it necessary to confine himself to bald moralities, because having lost his own way he has denied the divine life and taken refuge in agnosticism, has to resort to the "enthusiasm of humanity" as a source of inspiration, if he is to be more than a mere machine. This itself serves as a kind of religion—apart from it is true, but yet giving forth a certain warmth to sustain the worker, and a light which, the flickering and unstable, yet serves in some sort to guide his uncertain steps. At best, it is a light that rules the night and borrows all it has of vertice from the true sun that makes the day. Men of this type of mind, however, rarely take to school-work, either in Great Britain or America; nor is it desirable they should. An instructor of youth ought to find himself in substantial accord with the religious life of the people among whom he works. Nor is it often otherwise.

(Continued.)

Indiana has stricken the word "white" from her Constitution. Will Ohio take notice and govern herself accordingly.

The Whittaker case is not creating much excitement, although it is costing a vast deal of money. Public sentiment says Whittaker is not guilty.

THE COLORED PEOPLE IN MACON.—Certain statistics just published show that the colored citizens in Macon, Ga., pay taxes on \$6,550 worth of real estate; and that in Bibb county, outside of the city limits, they pay taxes on lands to the value of \$141,094, which is one ninth of the entire valuation of lands in the country. The valuation of all kinds of property owned by the colored people in the whole country is \$255,558. That's not a bad showing.—Louisville Commercial.

The State House at Baton Rouge is rapidly approaching completion. Soon the ruins of the old building will have assumed an appearance almost as beautiful as before the war. It seems too, we are happy to say, that there has been no jobbery at all in this work. We are informed that the amount paid out will be less than the amount of the estimate. This is something of a wonder, even under a Democratic administration. Next year the Legislature will meet in Baton Rouge, and we are curious to know if that body will be more pure and moral away from the wickedness of New Orleans.—Columbia Guardian.

USE DISINFECTANTS.

The season is rapidly approaching, if it have not already arrived, when something must be done to preserve health and prevent some forms of fevers that depend on blood poisoning. The following is a very good disinfectant: Take three pounds of copperas and dissolve it in four gallons of hot water, and then add, coin, one pint of carbolic acid (caustic No. 5 is as good as any) and the mixture is all ready for use.

One gallon will serve to disinfect a foul privy vault. The operation of disinfection should be repeated every week or two. Lime should not be thrown in privy vaults. Plaster of Paris may, however, be freely used. For stables, kitchens, open drains, yards, stables, etc., that give off bad odors, use freshly slacked lime, plaster of Paris, copperas sprinkled about. See to it that your lot is well drained and that no kitchen slops stand in your yard. Prevent privy vaults from overflowing. Whitewash all unpainted sheds, privy vaults, fences and you will soon perceive that you are doing a good sanitary work.

MAIL LETTINGS.

Notice to Contractors.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, Washington, D. C., March 10, 1881.

Proposals will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 p. m. of April 23, 1881, for carrying the mails of the United States upon the routes, and according to the schedule of arrival and departure specified by the Department, in the State of Louisiana, from July 1st, 1881, to June 30th, 1882. Lists of routes, with schedules of arrivals and departures, instructions to bidders, with forms for contracts and bonds and all other necessary information, will be furnished upon application to the Second Assistant Postmaster General.

THOMAS L. JAMES, Postmaster General.

Attention! Military!

I am anxious to have furnished me immediately the names of all military organizations in the United States, composed of colored men, with the name and post office address of their commanding officers. Friends and friendly newspapers all over the country by calling attention of proper parties, to this request, will greatly oblige
Chris. A. Fleetwood,
P. O. Box 67,
Washington, D. C.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT

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Corner of Tremé street,
feb6 NEW ORLEANS.

FIRST CLASS BOARD, by the Day or Week or Month, 1512 L street N. W. Washington, D. C. Mrs. S. D. REVELL, Proprietress. 11-29

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(Opposite Varieties Theatre.)

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\$66 a week in your own town. Terms and \$5 outfit free. Address H. HALLERT & Co., Portland Maine.

The Louisianian.

SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1881.

The ball given by the Frances Amis, on Saturday last, was as usual a financial success.

The entertainment given by the Pickwick B. B. Club, on Saturday, March 19, was a grand success.

The Equal Justice Marine Association will give their third grand anniversary ball and installation of officers at Turner's Hall, on Tuesday, March 29, and will parade the principal streets during the day.

The Rev. Dr. Thompson will lecture on the Book of Revelations as illustrated by Mr. Butt's Panorama of the Vision of St. John on the Isles of Patmos, Monday evening, March 28, at St. Philip Church, corner Callopie and Prytania streets.

The entertainment given by the Young Veterans, on Saturday evening last, at Turner's Hall, was largely attended. The guests were handsomely and tastefully attired, surpassing in style and beauty those given by the Pickwick and Young Friends on the same night.

The Garden District Scientific and Musical Social Club will give their first anniversary entertainment on Thursday evening, April 7, at Cottrell Hall. The guests are expected to appear in full dress. An oration will be delivered at 9 o'clock by Mr. J. G. Taylor.

At Clay's Hall, on Saturday evening, March 19, an independent military organization was formed with the following gentlemen for its officers and members, to be known as the "Attacks Guards Co. A."

Peter Joseph Captain.
C. Antoine 1st Lieutenant.
Jno. G. Lewis 2d Lieutenant.
L. Carter 1st Sergeant.
R. H. Taylor 2d Sergeant.
E. H. Flowers 3d Sergeant.
C. H. Bibbs 4th Sergeant.
Chas. Middleton 4th Sergeant.
Corporals to be elected at next meeting.

Roll—Frank Williams, C. F. Ladd, C. J. Thomas, H. C. Nichols, J. A. Allen, M. Ferrand.

A PLEASANT AFFAIR.—Our genial and jovial friend, Mr. C. J. Thomas, of the Garden District, entertained a select number of his friends at dinner on Sunday last, at his residence on Dryades street, corner Sixth. The occasion was the celebration of his twenty-eighth birthday. Mr. Thomas is one of our most energetic and enterprising young men, and has succeeded in drawing a host of friends about him by his kindness, heart, ever ready wit, and appreciable humor. It has rarely been our good fortune to sit at a banquet where the menu was finer, the wine better flavored, or the guests more congenial and convivial. Among the more prominent of the guests, we noted Hon. Aristide Dejeu, Hon. J. B. Gaudet, Prof. J. Eugene Millon, J. D. Kennedy, J. M. Vance, Jr., W. A. Halston, W. B. Boyd, F. M. Ward, C. P. Spotts, and others. At the close, Mr. Kennedy rose, and amid bumper of sparkling champagne, proposed the toast, "Our Host," and in very appropriate terms congratulated him on the attainment of his twenty-eighth birthday. Mr. Vance followed with "Our Hosts," and in words most beautiful and fitting, which he knows so well how to use, congratulated him on the happy possession of so good a husband. Then followed Mr. Boyd, who seemed inspired for the occasion, and after him our own reporter. The guests then rose and retired to the parlor, where wine, song, and bon-mots reigned. Mr. Thomas is unquestionably the prince of dinner guests. We wish him many happy returns.

On Saturday evening, March 19, at four o'clock sharp, the local reporter of this paper repaired to the doors of the Southern University, where he met a fine looking and accomplished usher, who received his invitation and accompanied him up stairs, in the assembly room, that was beautifully and tastefully decorated for the reception of the guests. Upon entering, he found the spacious hall densely crowded with the most select audience of every shade in the city witness the graduating exercises by the fortunate students of the Pen-body Normal School.

The following programme was tastefully and intelligently carried out by the students: Chorus, "Dancing Sun-beam," solo (instrumental) Miss J. Baptiste; composition, Miss M. Campanel; song solo, "Pretty Bird," Miss A. Berhel; composition, Miss L. V. Miller; duet (instrumental) Miss Jett and Mr. Williams; composition, Miss R. C. Campanel; song solo, "La Primavera," Mrs. Mason; composition, Mrs. S. F. Williams; post graduates,

Mrs. S. F. Williams, Miss R. C. Campanel, Miss L. V. Miller. Graduates, Miss M. Campanel, Miss L. H. Jett, Mrs. C. M. Koppard, Miss V. M. Xavier, Miss J. Baptiste, Miss L. White, Miss L. M. White, Miss A. Lewis, Mrs. Q. McCarthy.

Mrs. S. F. Williams is one shade below the octoroon, fine looking, tall and very commanding in her personal appearance; her composition was in some respects superior, and others, inferior to that of Miss L. V. Miller. She had less energy but more directness, less polished, but more pointed, less impressive, but more argumentative.

Miss L. V. Miller is a pure type of the white race, seemingly about 19 years of age, with light black hair and eyes that are charming in the extreme. She is not tall, but majestic in her figure and has a carriage that is commanding in itself. She was tastefully attired, and in point of beauty she is the equal of any of the pre-eminent race in the city.

Mrs. C. M. Koppard also deserves special mention. She is of the medium size, very bewitching and charming in her looks. Her composition was an elegant paper and won great thoughts of scholarship.

The two Misses White are not tall but very refined and accomplished in their manners.

Miss Berhel is a little in complexion below the octoroon, with a fine commanding figure and intelligent face; her "solo" was highly appreciated.

Miss J. Baptiste is tall, with regular features, her song solo was excellent. We regret space does not permit us to comment on the others who so justly deserved it.

After the exercises were concluded, an address was delivered by the Rev. Dr. Mayo and a beautiful silver pitcher and gold watch chain were presented to the Principal of the school by her pupils. Miss Miller and Miss Josephine were also the recipients of a handsome gold medal each, after which our reporter retired.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$5 free. Address S. S. S. & Co., Portland, Maine.

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SEEDS THAT SURPRISE!

THE FARMER'S "BONANZA."

A new vegetable from S. A. differing from anything ever grown here, delicious raw or cooked, and makes a small 30 cts. a paper. Cows feed on it, half a bushel, and by chemical tests to be the richest human food known. Cows feed on it, half a bushel, and by chemical tests to be the richest human food known. Cows feed on it, half a bushel, and by chemical tests to be the richest human food known.

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MASONIC DIRECTORY.

M. W. EUREKA GRAND LODGE.

A. A. A. Y. Y. M. A. STATE OF LOUISIANA.



OFFICERS 1881.

M. W. Ladd, Grand Master.
R. W. Taylor, Deputy Grand Master.
J. G. Lewis, Grand Senior Warden.
J. B. Gaudet, Grand Junior Warden.
Wm. Mulford, Grand Treasurer.
A. P. Williams, Grand Secretary.
J. Henri Burch, Grand Lecturer.
J. R. Y. Thomas, Chaplain.
Chas. A. Cripps, Grand Organist.
J. E. Troclair, Gr. Senior Deacon.
Franklin Anderson, Gr. Junior Deacon.
Sterling Barrow, Sr. Steward.
Louis Vinet, Jr. Steward.
Ed J. Holmes, Gr. Mr. of Ceremonies.
Isidore Rieras, Gr. Standard Bearer.
Jno. A. Marshall, Gr. Sword Bearer.
J. V. Labourie, Gr. Pursuivant.
Bruce Johnson, Gr. Pursuivant.
Jefferson Stokes, Gr. Tyler.

RICHMOND LODGE No. 1.

E. J. Holmes, W. M.
R. W. Taylor, S. W.
R. Bruce Johnson, J. W.
Wm. Mulford, Treas.
Henderson McCamy, Secy.
Meets 1st Monday each month, Cor. Camp and Common.

BERRY LODGE No. 2.

Wm. G. Brown, W. M.
Isidore Rieras, S. W.
J. J. Rose, J. W.
Wm. Johnson, Treas.
A. P. Williams, Secy.
Meets 1st Tuesday each month, 33 Carondelet St.

STRINGER LODGE No. 3.

Monroe Nelson, W. M.
James Isabelle, S. W.
R. R. Isabelle, J. W.
John Brown, Treas.
H. C. Donnelly, Secy.
Meets 1st Tuesday each month, Camp and Common.

ST. LUKE LODGE No. 4.

A. W. Thompson, W. M.
J. R. Collins, S. W.
J. W. Foreman, J. W.
Jno. A. Marshall, Secy.
Meets 2nd Thursday each month, Camp and Common.

PARSONS LODGE No. 5.

C. Becknell, W. M.
Frank Anderson, S. W.
Frederick Fobb, J. W.
J. Henri Burch, Treas.
Jno. G. Lewis, Secy.
Meets 2nd Tuesday each month, Camp and Common.

GILBERT LODGE No. 6.

J. A. Williams, W. M.
W. J. Delany, S. W.
J. W. Foreman, J. W.
A. A. Williams, Treas.
John E. Troclair, Secy.
Meets 2nd Wednesday each month, 33 Carondelet St.

DE GRUY LODGE No. 7.

J. V. Labourie, W. M.
Wm. Vigers, S. W.
A. F. Tervallon, J. W.
H. E. De Fuentes, Treas.
William Green, Secy.
Meets 1st Thursday each month, 33 Carondelet St.

STONE SQUARE LODGE No. 8.

Sterling Barrow, W. M.
A. Benjamin, S. W.
Alex. Baines, J. W.
W. T. Taylor, Treas.
J. L. Lapiere, Secy.
Meets Baton Rouge, La.

ALPHA LODGE No. 9.

Richard F. Cook, W. M.
Eljah John, S. W.
Wm. Hamilton, J. W.
S. Bird, Treas.
F. W. Barrington, Secy.
Meets at Monroe, La.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE.

W. G. Brown, Chairman.
James Lewis, Secy.
A. P. Williams, Secy.

ESTHER CHAPTER No. 1.

—ORDER OF EASTERN STAR—

Sis. Mary F. Dunn, W. Matron.
Bro. Wm. H. Green, W. Patron.
Sis. M. L. Dale, Asst. Matron.
V. C. Green, Treasurer.
Bro. Henry Steele, Secretary.
Sis. Mary Marshall, Conduces.
Emeline Webb, Asst. Lucratic Scott, Warden.
Bro. E. J. Webb, Sentinel.
Sis. B. Williams, Adah.
H. Roberson, Ruth.
Annie Howard, Esther.
Eliza Jamieson, Electa.
Bro. R. H. Taylor, D. D. W. G. P.
Meets 1st Friday each month, Cor. Camp and Common.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY.

Take Notice.

1. That the order of the Postmaster General against the delivery of its mails is rescinded.
2. That this is the only Lottery not declared fraudulent by the Government.
3. That this is the only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of their state.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The following is Postmaster General Key's letter to the Postmasters at New Orleans and New York:

On the 13th day of November, 1879, I issued an order addressed to you forbidding payment of any postal money order to M. A. Dauphin, or M. A. Duphin, secretary, or M. A. Dauphin, P. O. Box 692 and 392, Broadway, New York, and the return of all registered letters addressed to them to the postmasters at whose offices they were mailed.

This party having brought suit against me to enjoin the performance of this order, and having appealed the same to the Supreme Court of the United States, and having this day presented a certificate of the Governor and State officers of the State of Louisiana, that he has complied with all the legal requirements of that State, and other evidence, and not being satisfied from the evidence submitted to me that M. A. Dauphin is engaged in conducting a scheme or device for obtaining money through the mails by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations and promises, I hereby authorize and direct the suspension of said order so far as relates to said Dauphin until the case shall have been heard and determined by the Supreme Court of the United States.

ALL PRIZES PAID IN FULL.

SPLENDID CHANCE FOR A FORTUNE.

THE LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY WILL GIVE AT NEW ORLEANS, LA., ON

TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1881,

THE GRAND MONTHLY

TWO DOLLAR DRAWING.

CLASS D.

CAPITAL PRIZE,

\$30,000.

1857 Prizes, amounting to

\$110,400.

The Drawing will positively commence at 11 o'clock a. m., at the office of the Company on the morning of

TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1881,

AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.

LOOK AT THE DISTRIBUTION.

ADVOCATING THE RIGHTS OF MEN,

EXTRAORDINARY DISTRIBUTION.

100,000 Tickets at \$2 Each.

LIST OF PRIZES
1 Prize of \$30,000.....\$30,000
1 Prize of 10,000.....10,000
1 Prize of 5,000.....5,000
2 Prizes of 2,500.....5,000
5 Prizes of 1,000.....5,000
20 Prizes of 500.....10,000
100 Prizes of 100.....10,000
200 Prizes of 50.....10,000
500 Prizes of 20.....10,000
1000 Prizes of 10.....10,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 Approximations of \$300 each for the same ten of the number drawing the \$30,000 prize, are.....\$2,700
9 Approximations of \$100 each for the same ten of the number drawing the \$10,000 prize, are.....900
9 Approximations of \$50 each for the same ten of the number drawing the \$5,000 prize, are.....450
1857 Prizes, amounting to.....\$110,400

Whole Tickets, \$2; Halves, \$1.

For sale at all the New Orleans Agencies, and at the office of the Company.
Address M. A. DAUPHIN, President, NEW ORLEANS, LA.
Remit by Post-Office money order, New York exchange, or draft on New Orleans.
Register your letters containing currency or send by Express.

Observe and recollect that in the TWO DOLLAR Drawing of April 12, 1881

ALL THE PRIZES ARE PAID ON PRESENTATION.

Agents wanted in every State, County, City and Town throughout the Union. Unexceptionable guarantees required, and must in every instance accompany applications to be made to M. A. DAUPHIN, President, NEW ORLEANS, LA.
All letters unanswered mean a negative reply.
N. B.—This company has NO AGENTS in the British Possessions, and all persons pretending to be so and soliciting orders by circulars or otherwise, are SWINDLERS.

With this statement of our purpose and laudable endeavor, we hope we shall receive, as we shall always strive to merit, commendation and support. Identified with every interest of our State, proud of its history and its advantages, we shall untiringly work in its behalf; counting no exertion too great or services too onerous to command and insure success.

THE PEOPLE'S TRUE FRIEND.

COLLINS' SALVE

IS THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY THAT WILL SURELY CURE

ERYSIPELAS, SYPHILIS, CANCERS

SCALD-HEAD, TETTER-WORM,

GANGRENE, WHITE SWELLING, AND ALL ERUPTIVE DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

From 50 cents to \$2.00 will purchase enough of this excellent SALVE, with directions and guarantee, to cure the worst of the above mentioned diseases without inflicting the least pain upon the patient. Send for trial boxes. Only 25 cents. For sale at present only by our agent,

J. S. CLANCY,

Valmont between Live Oak and Laurel,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

N. B.—Persons sending for COLLINS' SALVE should be careful to state for what it is to be used, and of how long the reign of the disease, in order that they may receive the proper directions to effect a sure and speedy cure.

THE WEEKLY LOUISIANIAN.

ADVOCATING THE RIGHTS OF MEN,

OUR AIM

And representing, especially, the colored citizen, the LOUISIANIAN will maintain, as a fundamental principle, the perfect equality of all citizens, without regard to race or color.

POLICY

Shall be to foster kindly relations between the races, and to establish a more manly respect for each other as the very first essential to the future peace and prosperity of our State and the South.

We enter upon our tenth year pledged to the advocacy of the

that has governed the LOUISIANIAN from the beginning.

HARMONY AND MODERATION

among all classes and between all interests; kindness and forbearance fostered where dignity and resentment reigned, and a common service of ALL the people will elevate our loved State to an enviable and rightful position among her sisters in the development of her boundless resources and matchless advantages.

AS AN ADVERTISING MEDIUM,

The LOUISIANIAN offers rare advantages to the merchant and business man. Our large and weekly increasing circulation within the State, and throughout the country, renders the service of our columns particularly desirable.

EDUCATION.

A special feature of our paper will be its educational column, relating to matters affecting our common school system, the education of our youth, and the enlightenment of the masses.

FINAL

With this statement of our purpose and laudable endeavor, we hope we shall receive, as we shall always strive to merit, commendation and support. Identified with every interest of our State, proud of its history and its advantages, we shall untiringly work in its behalf; counting no exertion too great or services too onerous to command and insure success.

OFFICE—644 CAMP STREET

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

CLEANSING AND DISINFECTING OF PREMISES.

The following circular has been issued by the Board of Health:

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH, State of Louisiana, April 22, 1880.

1. House-to-house inspectors must be pressed as rapidly as possible.
2. Order the abatement of all nuisances.
3. Order the emptying and disinfection of all foul privies.
4. Order the periodic disinfection at intervals of not less than seven days of all privies and water closets, but should be more fully, and frequently in the city of New Orleans, during the months of May, June, July, August, September and October.
5. By disinfection of premises, sanitation

1881.

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

ILLUSTRATED.

This periodical has always, by its able and scholarly discussions of the questions of the day, as well as by its illustrations—which are prepared by the best artists—exercised a most powerful and beneficial influence upon the public mind.

The weight of its influence will always be found on the side of morality, enlightenment, and refinement.

The Volumes of the WEEKLY begin with the first number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of order.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Harper's Magazine, one year..... \$4 00
Harper's Weekly, one year..... 4 00
Harper's Bazar, one year..... 4 00
The THREE above named publications, one year..... 10 00
Any TWO above named, one year..... 7 00
Harper's Young People, one year..... 1 50

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume,) for \$7.00 each. A complete set, comprising Twenty-three Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of \$5.25 per volume, freight at expense of purchaser.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of \$1.00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

HARPER'S BAZAR.

ILLUSTRATED.

This popular periodical is pre-eminently a journal for the household.

Every Number furnishes the largest information in regard to Fashions in dress and ornament, the newest and most approved patterns, with descriptive articles derived from authentic and original sources; while its Stories, Poems and Essays on Social and Domestic Topics, give variety to its columns.

The Volumes of the Bazar begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of order.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Harper's Magazine, one year..... \$4 00
Harper's Weekly, one year..... 4 00
Harper's Bazar, one year..... 4 00
The THREE above named publications, one year..... 10 00
Any TWO above named, one year..... 7 00
Harper's Young People, one year..... 1 50

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume,) for \$7.00 each. A complete set, comprising Twelve Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of \$5.25 per volume, freight at expense of purchaser.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of \$1.00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

THE BEST PAPER! TRY IT!!

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED.

60th YEAR.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is a large First-Class Weekly Newspaper of Sixteen Pages, printed in the most beautiful style, profusely illustrated with splendid engravings, representing the most recent inventions and the most recent advances in Arts and Sciences; including New and Interesting Facts in Agriculture, Horticulture, the Home, Health, Medical Progress, Social Science, Natural History, Geology, Astronomy. The most valuable practical papers, by eminent writers in all departments of Science, will be found in the Scientific American.

Terms, \$3.20 per year, \$1.60 half year, which includes postage. Discount to Agents. Single copies, ten cents. Sold by all Newsdealers. Remit by postal order to Munn & Co., Publishers, 37 Park Row, New York.

PATENTS. In connection with the Scientific American, Messrs. MUNN & Co. are Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, have had 35 years experience, and now have the largest establishment in the world. Patents are obtained on the best terms. A special notice is made in the Scientific American of all inventions patented through this Agency, with the name and residence of the Patentee. By the immense circulation thus given, public attention is directed to the merits of the new patent, and sales or introduction often easily effected.

Any person who has made a new discovery or invention, can ascertain at a free of charge, whether a patent can probably be obtained, by writing to MUNN & Co. We also send free our Hand Book about the Patent Laws, Patents, Caveats, Trade-Marks, their costs, and how procured, with hints for procuring advances on inventions. Address for the Paper, or concerning Patents.

MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.
Branch Office, cor. F & 7th Sts., Washington, D. C.

C. E. GIRARDEY,

Auctioneer and Appraiser,

CAMP STREET,

NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, Feb. 2, 1881.

THE INTER-OCEAN.

CHIEF AMONG STALWARTS

FOR 1881.

The Leading REPUBLICAN Newspaper.

WEEKLY, \$1.15. SEMI-WEEKLY, \$2.50. DAILY, \$10.00.

IN NEWS-GETTING,

EDITORIAL ABILITY,

CORRESPONDENCE

And everything that goes to make

First-Class Newspaper,

The Inter-Ocean has No Superior.

THE DAILY INTER-OCEAN

Is the cheapest morning paper published in Chicago.

The LITERS DEPARTMENT in which is published the latest news of the latest orders, is a valuable feature.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY INTER-OCEAN

Is published each Monday and Thursday, and contains a compendium of the news of the world. An

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT

has been added to this edition of the paper and is very highly spoken of by the School Superintendents and Teachers. It is intended to fill a want long felt by persons interested in our schools.

THE WEEKLY INTER-OCEAN

has the largest circulation of any political newspaper in the United States. It is a paper for the people and costs only

\$1.15, POSTAGE PAID.

THE AGRICULTURAL AND COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENTS

are ably and carefully conducted, and are as reliable as any published in the country.

"OUR CURIOSITY SHOP,"

WOMAN'S KINGDOM, AND THE HOME DEPARTMENT

will contain leading and interesting features.

AS A POLITICAL, LITERARY, AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER,

THE INTER-OCEAN

IS UNEXCELLED.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

It is the intention of the proprietors of the INTER-OCEAN to spare neither pains nor expense to keep it fully abreast of the times in all things.

Address THE INTER-OCEAN,

Chicago.

People's House,

Cor. First and Dryades streets.

SPACIOUS SALOON,

With the finest Wines, Liquors, Cigars, and

ICE COLD LAGER BEER.

LAWSON & WILSON, Proprietors

L. A. GOBRIGHT,

Solicitor of Claims.

Is prepared to attend to Pension and Bounty cases of Colored Soldiers, and other business pertaining to them, or to any parties who may wish to be represented.

He refers to Mr. Pinchback, Gen. Anderson, Ex-Governor Wells and U. S. Attorney Beckwith.

BOARDING HOUSE

No. 27 Villere St.

(Cor. Customhouse st.)

J. H. PERKINS, Prop'r.

Chew Jackson's best Sweet Navy tobacco.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

M. W. EUREKA GRAND LODGE.

P. A. A. Y. M. S. STATE OF LOUISIANA.



OFFICERS 1881.

M. W. Calvin F. Ladd, Grand Master.
R. W. Taylor, Deput. Gr. Master.
J. G. Lewis, Grand Senior Warden.
J. B. Gaudet, Grand Junior Warden.
Wm. Mulford, Grand Treasurer.
A. P. Williams, Grand Secretary.
J. Henri Burch, Grand Lecturer.
J. B. Thomas, Grand Orator.

J. B. Thomas, Chaplain.
Chas. A. Cripps, Grand Organist.
J. E. Troclair, Gr. Senior Deacon.
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Sterling Barrow, Sr. Steward.
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Jno. A. Marshall, Gr. Standard Bearer.
J. V. Laboutrie, Gr. Sword Bearer.
B. Bruce Johnson, Gr. Pursuivant.
Jefferson Stokes, Gr. Tyler.

RICHMOND LODGE NO. 1.

E. J. Holmes, W. M.
E. J. Webb, S. W.
E. Bruce Johnson, J. W.
Wm. Mulford, Treas.
Henderson McCray, Sec'y.
Meets 1st Monday each month, Cor. Camp and Common.

BERRY LODGE NO. 2

Wm. G. Brown, W. M.
Ladore Rieras, S. W.
J. J. Boes, J. W.
Wm. Johnson, Treas.
A. P. Williams, Sec'y.
Meets 1st Tuesday each month, 33 Carondelet St.

STRINGER LODGE NO. 3

Monroe Nelson, W. M.
James Isabelle, S. W.
R. R. Isabelle, J. W.
John Brown, Treas.
H. O. Donnelly, Sec'y.
Meets 1st Tuesday each month, Camp and Common.

ST. LUKE LODGE NO. 4.

A. W. Thompson, W. M.
J. E. Collins, S. W.
J. W. Foreman, J. W.
Jno. A. Marshall, Treas.
Meets 2nd Thursday each month, Camp and Common.

PARSONS LODGE NO. 5.

C. Becknell, W. M.
Frank Anderson, S. W.
Frederick Fobb, J. W.
J. Henri Burch, Treas.
Jno. G. Lewis, Sec'y.
Meets 2nd Tuesday each month, Camp and Common.

GILBERT LODGE NO. 6.

J. A. Williams, W. M.
W. J. Delany, S. W.
J. P. P., J. W.
A. A. Williams, Treas.
John E. Troclair, Sec'y.
Meets 2nd Wednesday each month, 33 Carondelet St.

DE GRUY LODGE NO. 7.

J. V. Laboutrie, W. M.
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A. F. Tervalon, J. W.
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STONE SQUARE LODGE NO. 8.

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Alex. Baines, J. W.
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Wm. Hamilton, J. W.
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W. G. Brown, Chairman.
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Bro. Henry Steele, Treasurer.
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Lucrétia Scott, Warden.
Bro. E. J. Webb, Sentinel.
Sis. B. Williams, Adah.
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Annie Howard, Esther.
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9 Approximations of \$100 each for the nine remaining units of the same ten of the number drawing the \$10,000 prize, are..... 1,800
9 Approximations of \$100 each for the nine remaining units of the same ten of the number drawing the \$5,000 prize, are..... 900

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Valmont between Live Oak and Laurel,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

N. B.—Persons sending for COLLINS' SALVE should be careful to state for what it is to be used, and of how long the reign of the disease, in order that they may receive the proper directions to effect a sure and speedy cure.

THE WEEKLY

LOUISIANIAN.

ADVOCATING THE RIGHTS OF MEN,

And representing, especially, the colored citizen, the LOUISIANIAN will maintain, as a fundamental principle, the perfect equality of all citizens, without regard to race or color.

OUR AIM

Shall be to foster kindly relations between the races, and to establish a more manly respect for each other as the very first essential to the future peace and prosperity of our State and the South.

We enter upon our tenth year pledged to the advocacy of the

POLICY

that has governed the LOUISIANIAN from the beginning.

HARMONY AND MODERATION

among all classes and between all interests; kindness and forbearance fostered where malignity and resentment reigned, and a common service of ALL the people will elevate our loved State to an enviable and rightful position among her sisters in the development of her boundless resources and matchless advantages.

AS AN ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

The LOUISIANIAN offers rare advantages to the merchant and business man. Our large and weekly increasing circulation within the State, and throughout the country, renders the service of our columns particularly desirable.

EDUCATION.

A special feature of our paper will be its educational column, relating to matters affecting our common school system, the education of our youth, and the enlightenment of the masses.

FINAL

With this statement of our purpose and laudable endeavor, we hope we shall receive, as we shall always strive to merit, commendation and support. Identified with every interest of our State, proud of its history and its advantages, we shall untiringly work in its behalf; counting no exertion too great or services too onerous to command and insure success.

OFFICE—644 CAMP STREET

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

CLEANSING AND DISINFECTING OF PREMISES.

The following circular has been issued by the Board of Health:

SANITARY MEASURES TO BE ENFORCED BY THE SANITARY INSPECTORS OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH,
of the State of Louisiana,
State House, April 22, 1880.

1. House-to-house inspectors must be pressed as rapidly as possible.

2. Order the abatement of all nuisances.

3. Order the emptying and disinfection of all foul privies.

4. Order the periodic disinfection at intervals of not less than seven days of all privies and water closets.

5. Order the cleansing and disinfection of all foul alleys and yards.

6. Enforce the ordinances which compel all citizens to place all garbage and refuse matters of dwellings, hotels, stores, markets, manufactories and stables in boxes or barrels, or other suitable receptacles, for removal by the garbage carts.

DISINFECTING.

The Board of Health of the State of Louisiana deem it important that the people should be instructed with regard to the value and importance of disinfection, and the removal of foul gases and emanations, and for the destruction of the poisons of infectious and contagious diseases.

To accomplish the greatest good for the preservation of the health of the people, disinfection should be practiced at regular intervals throughout the entire year; but more fully, and frequently in the city of New Orleans, during the months of May, June, July, less than September and October.

By disinfection and household sanitation, the people should seek to avert or prevent pestilence and should not delay the practice of these important measures, until disease is actually developed, by the neglect or violation of sanitary laws. Each citizen, therefore, by obeying rigidly sanitary laws becomes the guardian of the health of his household.

New Orleans is without sewers, and the privies necessarily contain at all times an immense amount of fecal matter. Even under the most energetic system of removal of the contents of the privies, it is essential that disinfection be used in this hot, moist climate, at regular intervals. It should be borne in mind, however, that disinfection cannot be substituted for want of cleanliness or of ventilation, but should be used for the prevention of those putrefactive processes which result in the generation of compounds and agents deleterious to man.

In the selection of disinfectants reliable agents should be secured, which can be procured in a state of purity, and at so small a cost that they can be used in adequate quantities and at stated intervals.

DISINFECTING OF PRIVIES AND WATER CLOSETS.

For disinfection of privies, cess-pools, water closets and vaults, use the following: Sulphate of iron (green vitriol or copperas) 8 pounds; Calver's carbolic acid No. 5, 1 pint; water, 4 gallons; dissolve the green vitriol in hot water, and when cool add the carbolic acid.

Add one gallon of this mixture to the privy or water closet to be disinfected, and thereafter one quart every fifth day, or oftener, if any foul smell is derived from the privy.

Disinfection should not be used in the disinfection of privies, as it decomposes the salt of ammonia.

This objection, however, does not apply to the sulphate of lime (plaster of Paris), which may be used with advantage in combination with carbolic acid and copperas. The walls of privies and all unpainted wood work should be whitewashed.

PITTS, DRAIN, POOL, YARDS, STABLES, COW-HOUSES, MARKETS AND SLAUGHTER-HOUSES.

Fresh slaked lime, chloride of lime, plaster of Paris and sulphate of iron should be sprinkled over damp and foul places, drains and yards. For disinfection of such places a simple solution of sulphate of iron or copperas, in proportion of one and a half pounds to the gallon, may also be used. The copperas solution may be prepared in large quantities for markets, stables and slaughter houses, foul yards, drains and gutters, by hanging a basket containing about seven pounds of copperas in a barrel of water.

JOSEPH J. CLANCY, M. D., President Board of Health.

ST. MARY'S BOYS' ACADEMY,

BALTIMORE, MD.

OPEN SEPT. 6, 1879.

Established for the higher education of Colored Youth.

It will prepare young men for the entering examinations of any of the Colleges or Universities or for business pursuits.

Terms for board and tuition, \$100 a year. Day pupils \$2, \$1 or 50 cents per month, according to class.

For admission, or further particulars, application should be made at once to the Rev. Geo. E. CRANSTON, Principal, 180 West Biddle street, Baltimore.

Reference is made to the gentlemen of the

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:

Rev. Callith